

Release of Study on Corporate Disclosure on Business Integrity in ASEAN

by

Professor Lawrence Loh

Director Centre for Governance, Institutions and Organisations NUS Business School National University of Singapore

and

Mr Thomas Thomas,

CEO, ASEAN CSR Network

Presentation by: Professor Lawrence Loh

Research

Conducted by





Centre for Governance, Institutions & Organisations NUS Business School

Supported by



Agenda

- Background
- Methodology and limitations
- Findings for Top 50 companies per country
- Companies with highest disclosure rates across ASEAN

Background



Transparency International (TI) studies

- TI is an organization which aims to stop corruption and promote transparency, accountability and integrity at all levels and across all sectors of society.
- In it's study, Corruption Perceptions Index (CPI) 2017
- most ASEAN countries were ranked at the bottom half with the exception of Singapore which was ranked 6th in CPI 2017.
- It indicated that severe cases of corruption may be ongoing in the region.

Transparency International (TI) studies

TI is an organization which aims to stop corruption and promote transparency, accountability and integrity at all levels and across all sectors of society

Corruption Perceptions Index (CPI) 2017

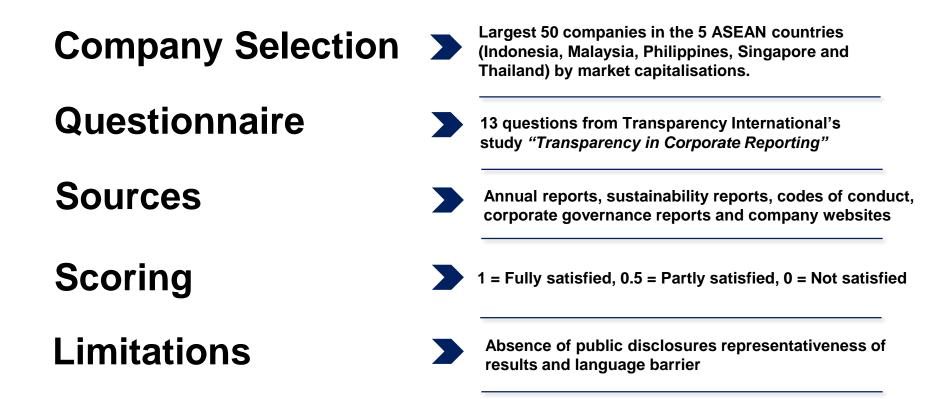
Most ASEAN countries were ranked at the bottom half, indicating severe cases of corruption may be ongoing in the region.

The average score of ASEAN countries was 42 which is less than half of the total score.

Methodology and Limitations



Data collection



Conceptual framework

Category 1 - Internal commitment to anti-corruption

Category 2 - External commitment to anti-corruption

Category 3 - Reporting and monitoring

Findings for top 50 companies per country



Category 1

Internal commitment to anti-corruption

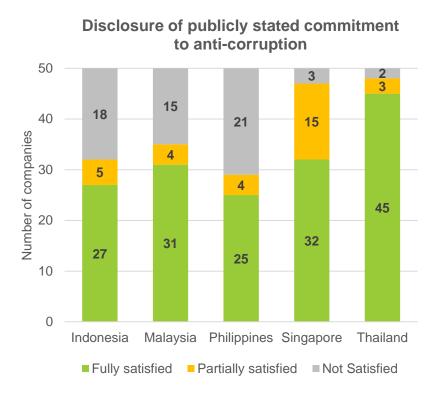
Questions

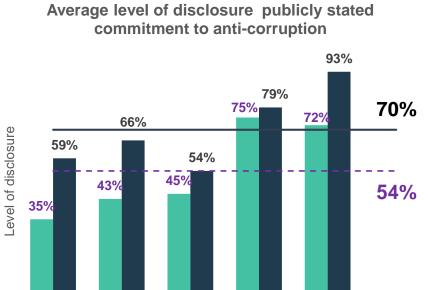
- I. Does the company have a publicly stated commitment to anti-corruption?
- II. Does the company publicly commit to be in compliance with all relevant laws, including anti-corruption laws?
- III. Does the company leadership demonstrate support for anti-corruption?
- IV. Does the company's code of conduct/anti-corruption policy explicitly apply to all employees and directors?
- V. Does the company have in place an anti-corruption training programme for its employees and directors?

Internal commitment to anti-corruption (I)

Does the company have a publicly stated commitment to anti-corruption?

Indonesia



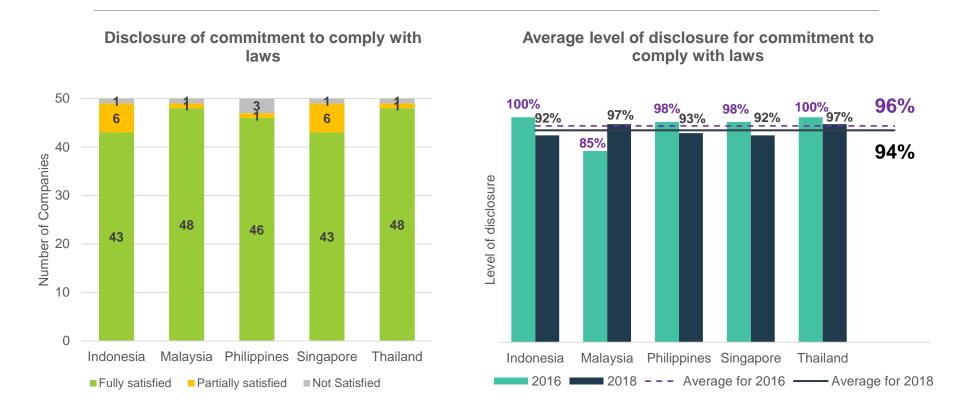


Malaysia Philippines Singapore Thailand

2016 2018 - - - · Average for 2016 - - · Average for 2018

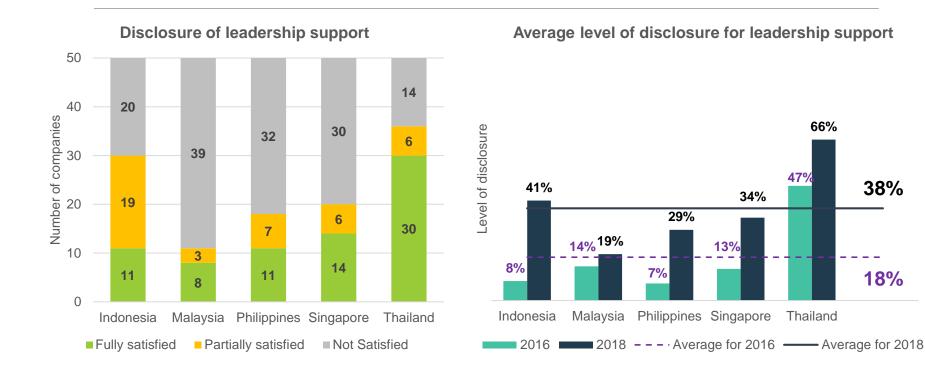
Internal commitment to anti-corruption (II)

Does the company publicly commit to be in compliance with all relevant laws, including anti-corruption laws?



Internal commitment to anti-corruption (III)

Does the company leadership demonstrate support for anti-corruption?



38%

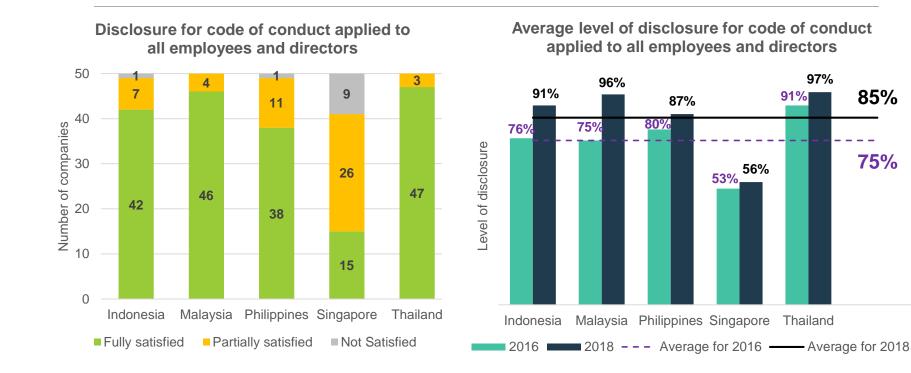
18%

Internal commitment to anti-corruption (IV)

Does the company's code of conduct/anti-corruption policy explicitly apply to all employees and directors?

85%

75%

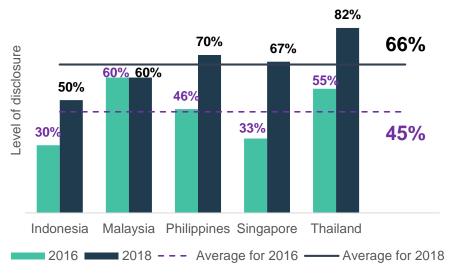


Internal commitment to anti-corruption (V)

Does the company have in place an anti-corruption training programme for its employees and directors?



Average level of disclosure for training programme for all employees and directors



Category 2

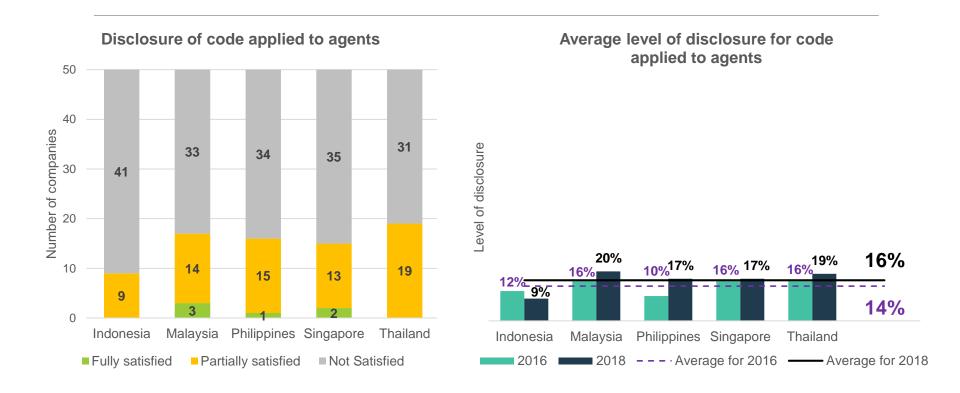
External commitment to anti-corruption

Questions

- I. Does the company's anti-corruption policy explicitly apply to persons who are not employees but are authorised to act on behalf of the company or represent it?
- II. Does the company's anti-corruption programme apply to non-controlled persons or entities that provide goods or services under contract?
- III. Does the company have a policy on gifts, hospitality and expenses?
- IV. Is there a policy that explicitly prohibits facilitation payments?
- V. Does the company have a policy on political contributions that either prohibits such contributions or if it does not, requires such contributions to be publicly disclosed?

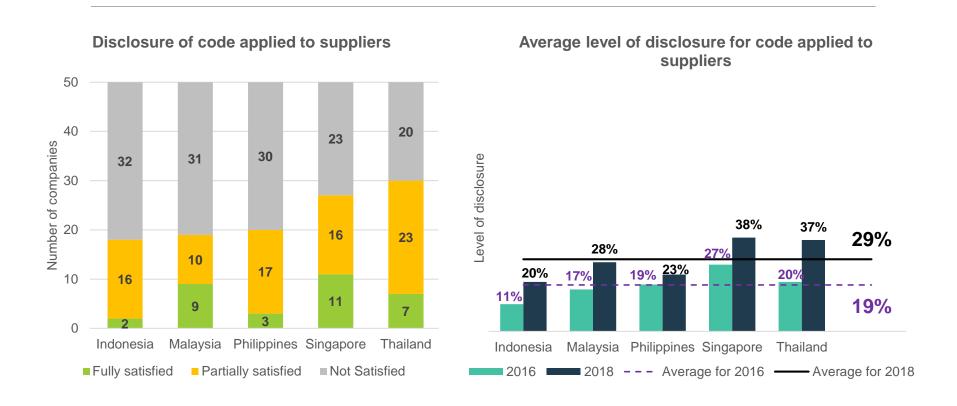
External commitment to anti-corruption (I)

Does the company's anti-corruption policy explicitly apply to person who are not employees but are authorised to act on behalf of the company or represent it?



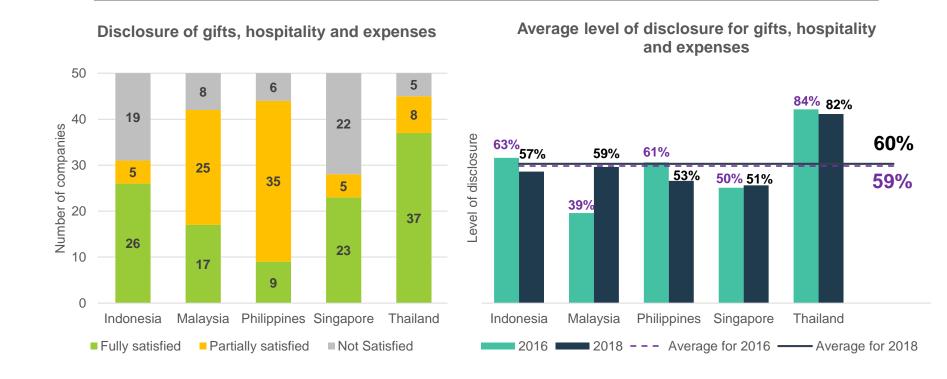
External commitment to anti-corruption (II)

Does the company's anti-corruption programme apply to non-controlled persons or entities that provide goods or services under contract?



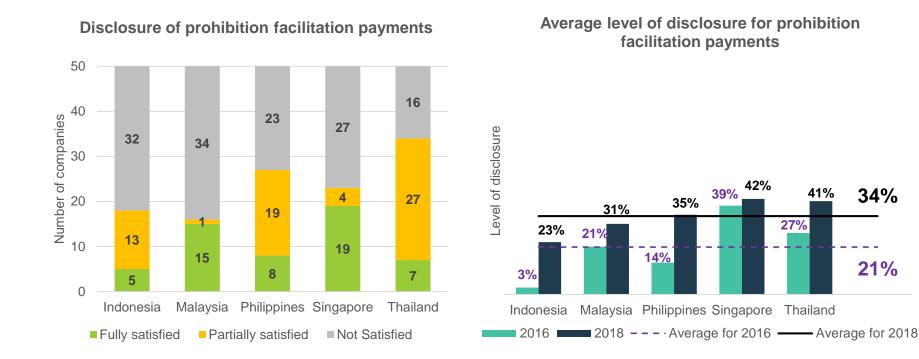
External commitment to anti-corruption (III)

Does the company have a policy on gifts, hospitality and expenses?



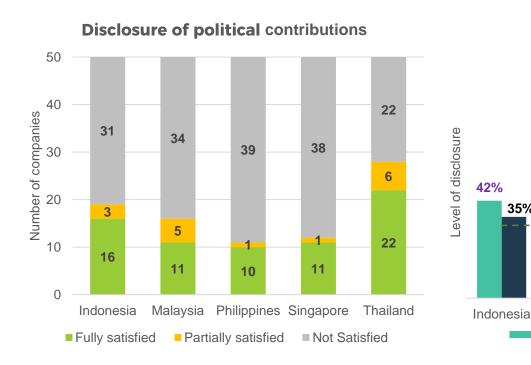
External commitment to anti-corruption (IV)

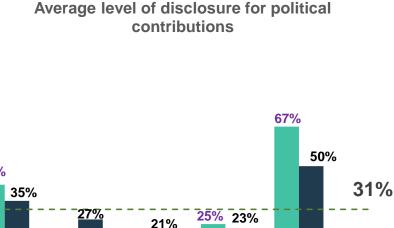
Is there a policy that explicitly prohibits facilitation payments?



External commitment to anti-corruption (V)

Does the company have policy on political contributions or if it does not, requires such contributions to be publicly disclosed?





Philippines Singapore

Thailand

- - - · Average for 2016 and 2018

12%

2018

11%

2016

Malaysia

Category 3

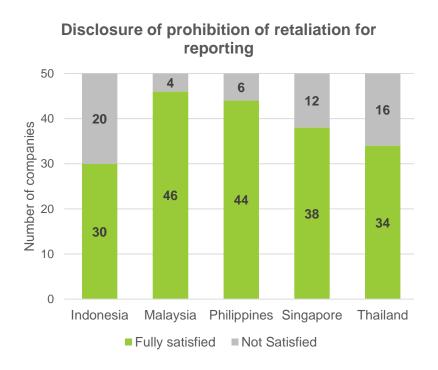
Reporting and monitoring

Questions

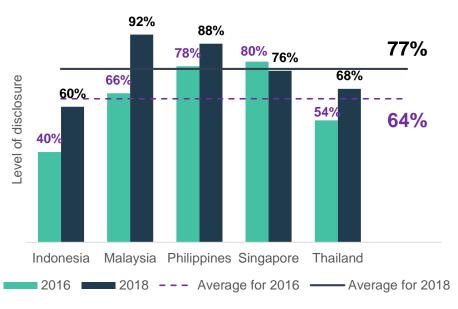
- I. Does the programme enable employees and others to raise concerns and report violations(of the programme) without risk of reprisal?
- II. Does the company provide a channel through which employees can report suspected breaches of anti-corruption policies, and does the channel allow for confidential and/or anonymous reporting?
- III. Does the company carry out regular monitoring of its anti-corruption programme to review the programme's suitability, adequacy and effectiveness, and implement improvements as appropriate?

Reporting and monitoring (I)

Does the programme enable employees and others to raise concerns and report violations (of programme) without risk of reprisal?

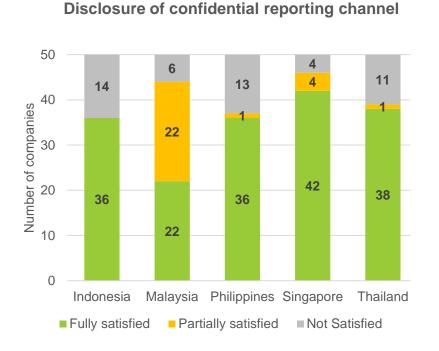


Average level of disclosure for prohibition of retailiation for reporting

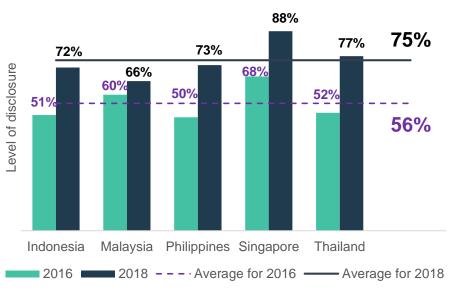


Reporting and monitoring (II)

Does the company provide a channel through which employees can report suspected breaches of anti-corruption policies and does the channel allow for confidential and/or anonymous reporting?

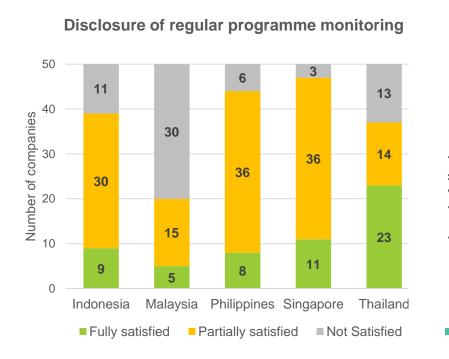


Average level of disclosure for confidential reporting channel

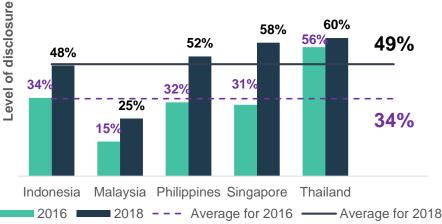


Reporting and monitoring (III)

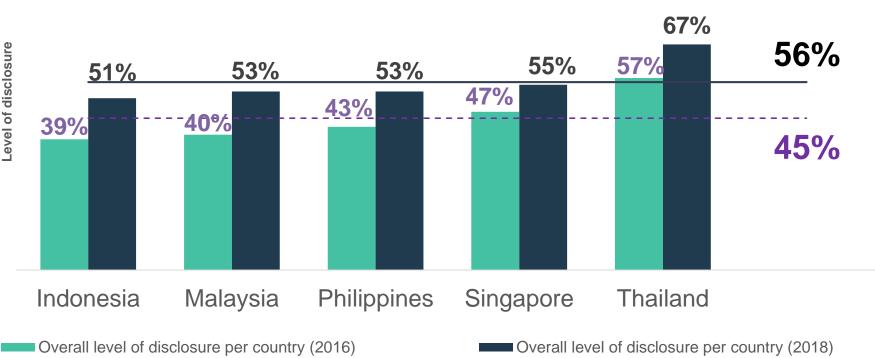
Does the company carry out regular monitoring of its anti-corruption programme to review the programme's suitability, adequacy and effectiveness, and implement improvements as appropriate?



Average level of disclosure for regular programme monitoring



Overall level of disclosure



--- Average level of disclosure across ASEAN (2016)

- Average level of disclosure across ASEAN (2018)

Companies with highest disclosure rates across ASEAN



Companies with highest disclosure rates across ASEAN

Company	Country
Advanced Info Service PCL	Thailand
Delta Electronics (Thailand) PCL	Thailand
Digi.Com BHD	Malaysia
Golden Agri-Resources LTD	Singapore
Sembcorp Industries LTD	Singapore
SIA Engineering LTD	Singapore
Singapore Airlines LTD	Singapore
Singapore Telecommunications LTD	Singapore
Total Access Communication PCL	Thailand
Unilever Indonesia Tbk PT	Indonesia
XL Axiata Tbk PT	Indonesia